

# SC116- Algebraic Structures

## Home Work 6

Week: September 2, 2013

Tutorial Discussion Week: September 9/16, 2013

- (1) Let  $\langle, \rangle$  denote the standard inner product on  $\mathbb{C}^n(\mathbb{C})$  and let  $A \in M_n(\mathbb{C})$ , ie,  $\langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle = \mathbf{x}^* \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{C}^n$ . Show that  $\langle A\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle = \langle \mathbf{x}, A^* \mathbf{y} \rangle$  for all  $\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{C}^n$ .
- (2) Let  $A$  be an  $n \times n$  orthogonal matrix. Show that
- (a) the rows of  $A$  forms an orthonormal basis of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . (b) the columns of  $A$  forms an orthonormal basis of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . (c) For any two vectors  $\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times 1}$ ,  $\langle A\mathbf{x}, A\mathbf{y} \rangle = \langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle$ . (d) For any vector  $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times 1}$ ,  $\|A\mathbf{x}\| = \|\mathbf{x}\|$ .
- (3) Let  $A$  be an  $n \times n$  unitary matrix. Show that
- (a) the rows/columns of  $A$  forms an orthonormal basis of  $\mathbb{C}^n$ . (b) For any two vectors  $\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times 1}$ ,  $\langle A\mathbf{x}, A\mathbf{y} \rangle = \langle \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y} \rangle$ . (c) For any vector  $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times 1}$ ,  $\|A\mathbf{x}\| = \|\mathbf{x}\|$ .
- (4) Show that the product of two  $n \times n$  orthogonal (unitary) matrices is orthogonal (unitary) matrix.
- (5) Find the eigen-pairs for each of the following matrices.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1+i \\ 1-i & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & -\cos \theta \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (6) Does the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & -\cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$ , for some  $\theta, 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$  diagonalizable?
- (7) Let  $T : \mathbb{R}^5 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^5$  be a linear operator with  $\text{rank}(T - I) = 3$  and  $N(T) = \{(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5) \in \mathbb{R}^5 \mid x_1 + x_4 + x_5 = 0, x_2 + x_3 = 0\}$ . Determine the eigenvalues of  $T$ ? Find the number of linearly independent eigenvectors corresponding to each eigenvalue? Is  $T$  diagonalizable? Justify your answer.
- (8) Let  $A$  be a square matrix such that  $UAU^*$  is a diagonal matrix for some unitary matrix  $U$ . Show that  $A$  is a normal matrix.
- (9) Let  $A \in M_n(\mathbb{C})$ . Show that  $A - A^*$  is always skew-Hermitian matrix.
- (10) Show that the matrices  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 9 \\ -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$  are similar. Is it possible to find a unitary matrix  $U$  such that  $A = U^*BU$ ?